The Vision Numerics Library (VNL)

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- Part of VXL (Vision-something-Libraries): collection of C++ libraries designed for computer vision research and implementation
- Distributed with ITK (Utilities/vxl/core/vnl) and thus available in MITK

"VNL is intended to provide an environment for numerical programming which combines the ease of use of packages like Mathematica and Matlab with the speed of C and the elegance of C++. It provides a C++ interface to the high-quality Fortran routines made available in the public domain by numerical analysis researchers."



- Vector and matrix classes
 - Templated, variable or fixed size
 - Loads of operators: min, max, rms, magnitude, dot / cross products
 - Accessible from corresponding ITK classes by GetVnIX / SetVnIX methods
- Polynomial function classes
 - Evaluate value, derivative, integral
- Quaternions
 - Conversion from and to Euler angles

Advantages against ITK classes:

- Leaner and meaner!
- No differentiation between points and vectors



- Eigenvalue decomposition
 - For square matrices
 - Special versions for symmetric and sparse matrices
- Singular value decomposition
- Cholesky decomposition
 - For symmetric, positive-definite matrices
 - Also optimized LDL variant available
- QR decomposition



For regular matrices:

```
vnl_matrix<double> matrix;
Vnl_vector>double> vecRight, vecSolution;
...
vnl_linear system lse( matrix, vecRight );
vnl_lsqr solver( lse );
solver.set_max_iterations( 20 * lse.get_number_of_unknowns() );
solver.minimize( vecSolution );
```

Variant for sparse matrices:

```
vnl_sparse_matrix<double> smatrix;
Vnl_sparse_matrix_linear_system<double> slse( smatrix, vecRight );
```



- Nelder-Meade downhill simplex
 - For noisy functions without derivatives
- Conjugate Gradient
 - Classic method to solve large linear systems of equations
- LBFGS
 - Best optimization for well-behaved functions with 1st derivatives
- Levenberg Marquardt
 - Nonlinear least squares optimization
- Powell
 - For many-dimensional, expensive functions (no derivative)



All VNL optimizers are accessible by ITK wrappers



- Fast Fourier transforms (1D+2D)
- Random number generation (normal+box distribution)
- Chi square distribution