

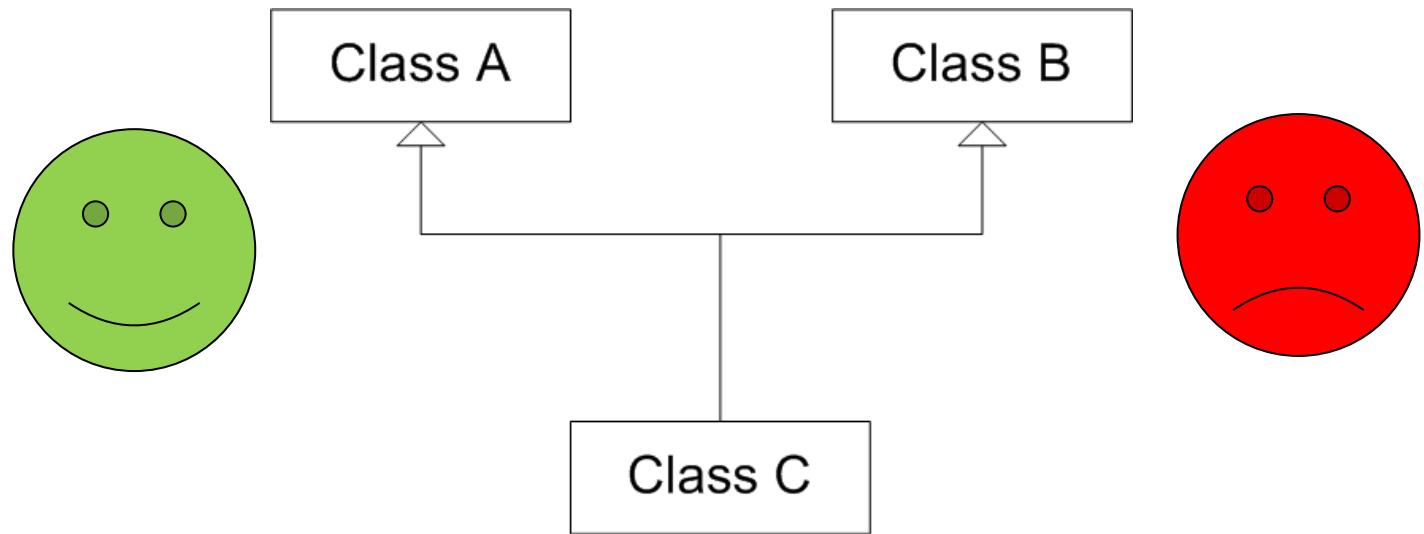
Multiple Inheritance (MI)

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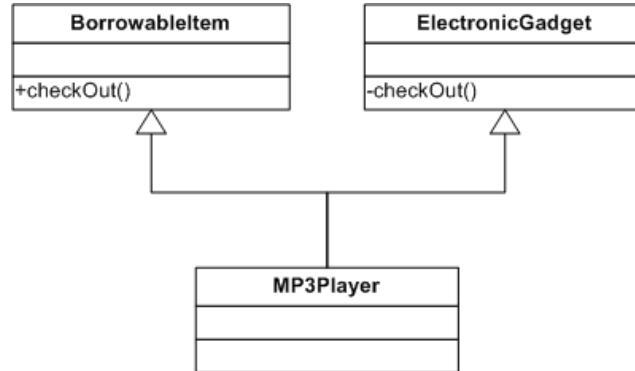


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Recommendable?



Ambiguity problem (1/2)



```
MP3Player mp;  
mp.checkOut(); what happens here?
```

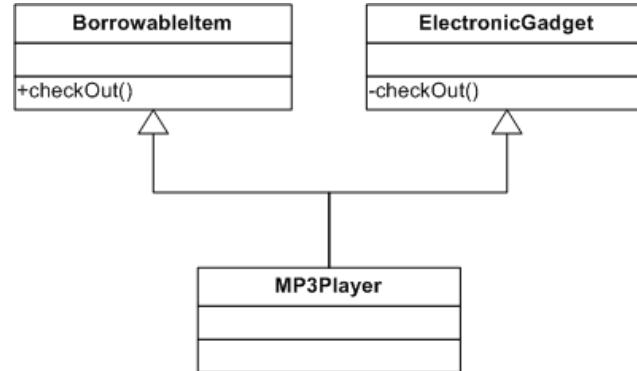
1. Search for the best fitting function `checkOut()`
2. Check the accessibility of the so found function

Problems:

- There is no best fitting function `checkOut()`
- `ElectronicGadget::checkOut()` will never be checked for accessibility

Ambiguity error

Ambiguity problem (2/2)



Correct access:

```
mp.BorrowableItem::checkOut();
```

On the other hand...

```
mp.ElectronicGadget::checkOut();
```

-> ambiguity error replaced by „you try to call a private member“
error

Virtual inheritance

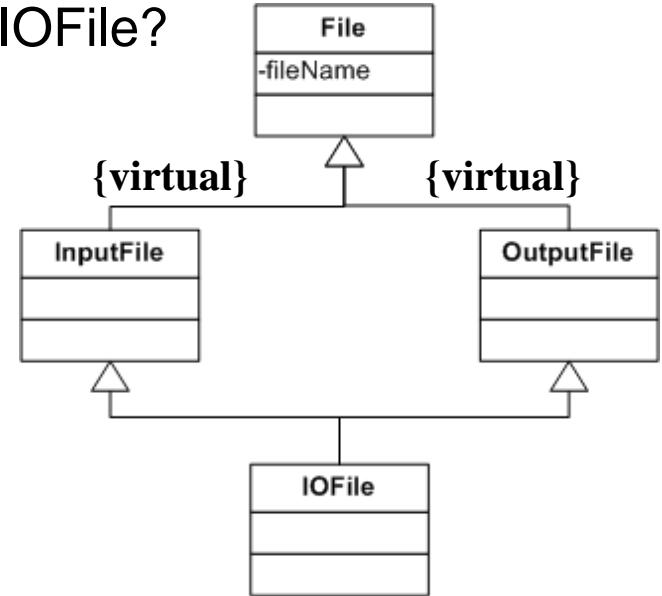
How many copies of `fileName` in `IOFile`?

-> 2, one for every base class!

But: correct (logic) would be 1

How to achieve that?

-> **virtual Inheritance**



Always virtual inheritance? **No!**

- Instantiated objects bigger
- Access to elements of base class slower

- Don't use virtual inheritance if you don't necessarily need it!
- If you need virtual inheritance avoid to save data in the base class

Interface + implementation (1/2)

Interface class for persons

```
class IPerson {  
public:  
    virtual ~IPerson();  
    virtual std::string name() const = 0;  
    virtual std::string birthDate() const = 0;  
}
```

Some database class `class DatabaseID{...}`

Database based implementation

```
class PersonInfo{  
public:  
    explicit PersonInfo(DatabaseID pid);  
    virtual ~PersonInfo();  
    virtual const char *theName() const;  
    virtual const char *theBirthDate() const;  
    virtual const char *valueDelimOpen() const;  
    virtual const char *valueDelimClose() const;  
    ...  
}
```

Interface + implementation (2/2)

Multiple inheritance to create concrete implementation

```
class CPerson: public IPerson, private PersonInfo {  
public:  
    explicit Cperson(DatabaseID pid): PersonInfo(pid) {}  
    virtual std::string name() const  
        {return PersonInfo::theName();}  
    virtual std::string birthDate() const  
        {return PersonInfo::theBirthDate();}  
private:  
    const char* valueDelimOpen() const {return ":";}  
    const char* valueDelimClose() const {return ":";}  
    ...  
}
```

Private inheritance instead of
composition because of
new definition of virtual functions

Take home message

- MI is more complex and may lead to ambiguities
- MI sometimes causes the need of virtual inheritance
- There are some applications where the use of MI is reasonable, e.g. the combination of interface and implementation.

Try to avoid multiple inheritance as long there exist a proper way to achieve the same result without it.